

South West Pinnacle

South West Pinnacle Exploration Limited

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Communication to Shareholder for deduction of tax at source on Final Dividend for FY 2021-22 under Income Tax Act 1961 (The Act)

The Board of Directors of the Company at its Meeting held on May 23, 2022, has recommended a Final dividend of Rs. 0.50 per equity share having Face Value of Rs. 10 each for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 to non promoters' shareholders of the company.

The dividend as recommended by the board, if approved at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, will be paid to the shareholders holding equity shares of the Company, either in electronic or in physical form on the record date (to be announced in due course).

The dividend will be paid electronically in the Members bank accounts and the Company may retain dividend warrants of members who have not registered their bank details and dividend warrants/demand drafts/cheques will be sent to the registered addresses depending on availability of postal services.

Accordingly, the Shareholders holding Shares in Demat Form are requested to complete necessary formalities with regard to their bank account attached to their Demat account for enabling the Company to make timely credit of Dividend in respective bank accounts. Members who have not updated their bank accounts details are requested to update bank details with their Depository Participant (*as 100% shareholding of company is in demat form*).

All the shareholders are also requested to ensure that their details with reference to valid Permanent Account Number, Resident status as per Act, i.e Resident or Non- Resident as applicable, Category of their account as per the PAN, E-mail-ID/Postal address, Bank Account details are complete/updated, as applicable, in their account maintained with Depository Participant.

In accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended by and read with the provisions of the Finance Act, 2020, with effect from 1st April 2020, the final dividend for the Financial Year 2021-22 to be paid and distributed by the Company is taxable in the hands of its Shareholders and the Company is required to deduct tax at source (TDS) from dividend paid to the members at the applicable rates. Accordingly, the above referred final dividend will be paid after deducting the tax at source including applicable surcharge and cess as notified from time to time under the Act

No tax will be deducted on payment of dividend to the resident individual shareholder if the total dividend, paid during Financial year ('FY') 2022-23, does not exceed INR 5,000/-.

The detailed communication summaries the applicable TDS provisions in accordance with the provisions of the Income tax Act, 1961, for various categories, including Resident or Non-Resident members as below:-

1) For Resident Members:

Category of Shareholder	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation requirement
Any Resident Shareholder	10%	No deduction of taxes in the following cases- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If dividend income to a resident Individual shareholder during FY 2022-23 does not exceed INR 5,000/-. • If shareholder is exempted from TDS provisions through any circular or notification and provides an attested copy of the PAN along with the documentary evidence in relation to the same. • Submitting declaration in Form No. 15G (applicable to any person other than a company or a firm) /Form 15H (applicable to an Individual who is 60 years and older), fulfilling all the required eligibility conditions.
Mutual Funds	NIL	Self-attested copy of registration certificate with SEBI and PAN card along with self-declaration that the mutual funds are notified mutual fund u/s 10(23D)(ii) of Income Tax Act, 1961.
Insurance Companies (Public & other Insurance companies)	NIL	Documentary evidence that the provisions of Section 194 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 are not applicable along with self- attested copy of PAN card.
Recognized Provident Funds, Approved Superannuation Gratuity Fund	NIL	i. A Declaration that their TDS is not required to be deducted as per circular No.18/2017 issued by CBDT ii. Attested copies of registration documents and PAN
Corporation established by or under a Central Act which is, under any Law for the time being in force, exempt from income-tax on its income	NIL	Documentary evidence that the Corporation is covered under Section 196 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 along with self-attested copy of PAN card.
National Pension Scheme	NIL	i. A Declaration that their income is exempt under Section 10 of the Act and there is no requirement to deduct TDS u/s 197A(1E) of the Act ii. Attested copies of registration documents and PAN
Alternative Investment Fund Category- I & II	NIL	A declaration that its income is exempt under Section 10(23FBA) of the Act and they are established as Category I or Category II AIF under the SEBI Regulations. Self-attested copy

		of registration documents and PAN card should be provided.
Order u/s 197 of the Act	Rate provided in the order	i. Lower / NIL Withholding Tax Certificate obtained from Income Tax Authorities ii. Self-attested copy of PAN iii. Company's Tax Deduction Account No. [TAN] which is required for applying for Lower / NIL Rate.
Other resident shareholder without PAN/Invalid PAN /Shareholders identified as 'specified persons' for the purpose of higher deduction of tax as per 'Compliance Check Facility' made available by the Income Tax department (refer detailed note on Section 206AB below)	20%	Shareholders should update the PAN if not already done with Depositories.

2) For Non Resident Members:

Category of Shareholder	Section	Tax Deduction Rate	Exemption applicability/ Documentation requirement
Any non-resident shareholder / Foreign Institutional Investors (FII)/ Foreign Portfolio Investors (FPI)	195/196D	20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) or Tax Treaty rate whichever is lower	<p>i Non-resident shareholders / FFI / FPI may opt for tax rate under Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("Tax Treaty"). The Tax Treaty rate shall be applied for tax deduction at source on submission of following documents to the Company:</p> <p>i. Copy of the PAN Card, if any, allotted by the Indian authorities.</p> <p>ii. Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) valid as on the record date obtained from the tax authorities of the country of which the shareholder is resident.</p> <p>iii. Self-declaration in Form 10F.</p> <p>iv. Self-declaration from Non-residential, primarily covering the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Non-resident is eligible to claim the benefit of respective tax treaty. ➤ Non-resident receiving the dividend income is the

			<p>beneficial owner of such income.</p> <p>➤ Dividend income is not attributable/effectively connected to any Permanent Establishment (PE) or Fixed Base in India.</p> <p>TDS shall be deducted at 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) if any of the above mentioned documents are not provided / found not to be valid.</p> <p>The Company is not obligated to automatically apply the Tax Treaty rates at the time of tax deduction/withholding on dividend amounts. Application of Tax Treaty rate shall depend upon the completeness and satisfactory review by the Company, of the documents submitted by the non-resident shareholders.</p>
Sovereign Wealth Fund, Pension Funds, Other bodies notified under Section 10(23FE) of the Act	10(23FE)	NIL	Self- Declaration substantiating the fulfillment of conditions prescribed under Section 10(23FE) of the Act.
Submitting Order under section 197 of the Act.	197	Rate provided in the order	<p>i. Lower / NIL Withholding Tax Certificate obtained from Income Tax Authorities</p> <p>ii. Self-attested copy of PAN</p> <p>iii. Company's Tax Deduction Account No. [TAN] which is required for applying for Lower / NIL Rate.</p>
Shareholders identified as 'specified persons' for the purpose of higher deduction of tax as per 'Compliance Check Facility' made available by the Income-tax department (refer detailed note on Section 206AB below)	206AB	Twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Act; or Twice the rate or rates in force whichever is higher	Non-resident shareholder may file a declaration confirming that they do not have any fixed place of business in India.

Section 206AB of the Income Tax Act, 1961:

The rate of TDS under Section(s) 194, 195 & 196D of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (hereinafter referred to as the 'Act') are subject to provisions of Section 206AB of the Act (effective from 1st July, 2021) which introduced special provisions for TDS in respect of taxpayers who have not filed their income-tax return (referred to as specified persons). As per the provisions of Section 206AB of the Act, tax is to be deducted at higher of the following rates in case of payments to the specified persons: -

- at twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the Act; or
- at twice the rate or rates in force; or
- at the rate of 5%.

In cases where Sections 206AA (Non PAN) and 206AB are applicable i.e. the shareholder has not submitted the PAN as well as not filed the return; tax will be deducted at higher of the two rates prescribed in these sections.

"Specified person" as defined u/s 206AB(3) is someone who satisfies the following conditions:

- A person who has not filed income tax return for two previous years immediately prior to the previous year in which tax is required to be deducted, for which the time limit of filing of return of income under section 139(1) of the Act has expired; and
- The aggregate of TDS and TCS in whose case is Rs. 50,000 or more in each of these two previous years.

Non-Resident shareholders who do not have permanent establishment in India (i.e. fixed place of business of India) are excluded from the scope of a "specified person".

Notes:

- Update your KYC data to receive all communications and dividend information. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized mode are requested to update the e-mail address or bank details with their respective Depository Participant or company's RTA i.e M/s Link Intime India Private Limited at https://linkintime.co.in/emailreg/email_register.html (on temporary basis). However, shareholders are advised to update the details with Depository Participant (on permanent basis) to ensure ease of communication and seamless remittances (as 100% shareholding of company in demat form).
- Members are requested to provide their Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) /can also contact to their Depository Participant(s).
- The aforesaid documents such as Form 10F/15G/ 15H, documents under section 196, 197A, FPI Registration Certificate, Tax Residency Certificate, Lower Tax certificate etc. can be uploaded on the link <https://linkintime.co.in/formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h.html> on or before September 21, 2022 to enable the Company to determine the appropriate withholding tax rate applicable. In case where copy of documents (such as, PAN card, , Registration certificate, etc.) is provided, the copy should be self-attested by the Shareholder or its authorized signatory. Any communication in relation to tax rate determination/deduction received post September 21, 2022 shall not be considered.
- After receipt of any of the above declarations, if the Company basis its independent assessment, finds any information that is contrary to the declarations received by it, the Company reserves right to rely on the results of its independent assessment and make a deduction of taxes at a higher rate as per applicable provisions of the Act.
- In due compliance of the applicable provisions of the Act, the Company will be issuing certificate for tax deducted at source in Form 16A. The credit for tax deducted at source can also be verified by the Shareholder by verifying Form 26AS, after the statement of tax deducted at source is furnished by the Company and thereafter Annual Information Statement (Form 26AS) is updated.

- vi. In case of any further dividend which is paid in the FY 2022-23 and considering the amount of dividend payments made earlier, if the aggregate dividend pay-out exceeds Rs. 5,000/- then, from the subsequent payment of dividend, the tax on the current as well as on earlier amount of dividend will be deducted and accordingly, the balance amount of dividend will be paid to the concerned Individual Shareholder.
- vii. Determination of withholding tax rate is subject to necessary verification by the Company of the shareholder details as available with the Depository Participant in case shares are held in dematerialized form; or RTA in case shares are held in physical form as on the Record Date, and other documents available with the Company / RTA. In this respect, the company reserves the right to independently verify the PAN number of the shareholder from the National Securities Depository Ltd. ('NSDL') utility and if the same is found contrary to the PAN quoted/ provided, the company will disregard the PAN and proceed as per the prevalent law.
- viii. Shareholders holding shares under multiple accounts under different residential status / category and single PAN, may note that, higher of the tax rate as applicable to different residential status/ category will be considered for their entire shareholding under different accounts.
- ix. The documents furnished by the shareholders (such as Form 15G/15H, TRC, Form 10F, Self-Attested Declaration etc.) shall be subject to review and examination by the Company before granting any beneficial rate or NIL Rate. The Company reserves the right to reject the documents in case of any discrepancies or the documents are found to be incomplete.
- x. In case withholding tax is deducted at a higher rate, an option is still available with the shareholder to file the return of income and claim an appropriate refund. No claim shall lie against Company for any taxes deducted by the Company.
- xi. Needless to mention, PAN will be mandatorily required. **In absence of PAN / Valid PAN, tax will be deducted at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of the Act even if the amount of dividend payable on the shares is Rs. 5,000 or less.**
- xii. In the event of any income tax demand (including interest, penalty, etc.) arising from any misrepresentation, inaccuracy or omission of information provided by the shareholder, the shareholder will be responsible to indemnify the Company and also, provide the Company with all information / documents and co-operation in any tax proceedings.
- xiii. This Communication is not exhaustive and does not purport to be a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences in the matter of dividend payment. Shareholders should consult their tax advisors for requisite action to be taken by them.
- xiv. In case of any discrepancy in documents submitted by the shareholder, the Company will deduct tax at higher rate as applicable, without any further communication in this regard.
- xv. All queries in respect of above should be addressed to our RTA, Link Intime India Private Limited at its email address mt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in or investors@southwestpinnacle.com Please note that the Company will not accept any declaration/document on any email address. Kindly use the link as provided in note (iii) to upload declaration/documents.

Thanking You.
Yours faithfully,

For South West Pinnacle Exploration Limited

**Sd/-
Vaishali
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

(1) Form 15H

[From 15H Download Here](#)

(2) From 15G

[From 15G Download Here](#)

(3) From 10F

[From 10F Download Here](#)

Disclaimer: The information set out hereinabove is included for general information purpose only and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Since the tax consequences are dependent on facts and circumstances of each case, the investors are advised to consult their own tax consultant with respect to specific tax implications arising out of receipt of dividend.

¹FORM NO. 15H

[See section 197A(1C) and rule 29C]

Declaration under section 197A(1C) to be made by an individual who is of the age of sixty years or more claiming certain incomes without deduction of tax.**PART I**

1. Name of Assessee (Declarant)		2. Permanent Account Number or Aadhaar Number of the Assessee ¹		3. Date of Birth ² (DD/MM/YYYY)	
4. Previous year(P.Y.) ³ (for which declaration is being made)		5. Flat/Door/Block No.		6. Name of Premises	
7. Road/Street/Lane		8. Area/Locality		9. Town/City/District	
				10. State	
11. PIN	12. Email		13. Telephone No. (with STD Code) and Mobile No.		
14 (a) Whether assessed to tax ⁴ :				Yes	No
(b) If yes, latest assessment year for which assessed					
15. Estimated income for which this declaration is made					
16. Estimated total income of the P.Y. in which income mentioned in column 15 to be included ⁵					
17. Details of Form No.15H other than this form filed for the previous year, if any ⁶					
Total No. of Form No.15H filed		Aggregate amount of income for which Form No.15H filed			
18. Details of income for which the declaration is filed					
Sl. No.	Identification number of relevant investment/account, etc. ⁷	Nature of income	Section under which tax is deductible	Amount of income	

.....
Signature of the Declarant

1. Substituted by the IT (Fourteenth Amdt.) Rules, 2015, w.e.f. **1-10-2015**. Earlier Form No. 15H was amended by the IT (Fifth Amdt.) Rules, 1982, w.e.f. 21-6-1982, IT (Fifth Amdt.) Rules, 1989, w.r.e.f. 1-4-1988, IT (Fourteenth Amdt.) Rules, 1990, w.e.f. 20-11-1990, IT (Twelfth Amdt.) Rules, 1992, w.e.f. 1-6-1992, IT (Seventh Amdt.) Rules, 1995, w.e.f. 1-7-1995, IT (Thirty-second Amdt.) Rules, 1999, w.e.f. 19-11-1999, IT (Twelfth Amdt.) Rules, 2002, w.e.f. 21-6-2002, IT (Eighth Amdt.) Rules, 2003, w.e.f. 9-6-2003, IT (Fourteenth Amdt.) Rules, 2003, w.e.f. 1-8-2003 and IT (Second Amdt.) Rules, 2013, w.e.f. 19-2-2013.

Declaration/Verification⁸

I do hereby declare that I am resident in India within the meaning of section 6 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. I also hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief what is stated above is correct, complete and is truly stated and that the incomes referred to in this form are not includible in the total income of any other person under sections 60 to 64 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. I further declare that the tax on my estimated total income including *income/incomes referred to in column 15 *and aggregate amount of *income/incomes referred to in column 17 computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961, for the previous year ending on relevant to the assessment year will be *nil*.

Place:

.....

Date:

Signature of the Declarant

PART II

[To be filled by the person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 15 of Part I]

1. Name of the person responsible for paying		2. Unique Identification No. ⁹	
3. Permanent Account Number or Aadhaar Number of the person responsible for paying	4. Complete Address		5. TAN of the person responsible for paying
6. Email	7. Telephone No. (with STD Code) and Mobile No.	8. Amount of income paid ¹⁰	
9. Date on which Declaration is received (DD/MM/YYYY)		10. Date on which the income has been paid/credited (DD/MM/YYYY)	

Place:

.....

Date:

Signature of the person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 15 of Part I

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

1. As per provisions of section 206AA(2), the declaration under section 197A(1C) shall be invalid if the declarant fails to furnish his valid Permanent Account Number or Aadhaar Number.
2. Declaration can be furnished by a resident individual who is of the age of 60 years or more at any time during the previous year.
3. The financial year to which the income pertains.
4. Please mention “Yes” if assessed to tax under the provisions of Income-tax Act, 1961 for any of the assessment year out of six assessment years preceding the year in which the declaration is filed.
5. Please mention the amount of estimated total income of the previous year for which the declaration is filed including the amount of income for which this declaration is made.
6. In case any declaration(s) in Form No. 15H is filed before filing this declaration during the previous year, mention the total number of such Form No. 15H filed along with the aggregate amount of income for which said declaration(s) have been filed.
7. Mention the distinctive number of shares, account number of term deposit, recurring deposit, National Savings Schemes, life insurance policy number, employee code, etc.
8. Before signing the declaration/verification, the declarant should satisfy himself that the information furnished in this form is true, correct and complete in all respects. Any person making a false statement in the declaration shall be liable to prosecution under section 277 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and on conviction be punishable—

- (i) in a case where tax sought to be evaded exceeds twenty-five lakh rupees, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to seven years and with fine;
- (ii) in any other case, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to two years and with fine.

9. The person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 15 of Part I shall allot a unique identification number to all the Form No. 15H received by him during a quarter of the financial year and report this reference number along with the particulars prescribed in rule 31A(4)(vii) of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 in the TDS statement furnished for the same quarter. In case the person has also received Form No.15G during the same quarter, please allot separate series of serial number for Form No.15H and Form No.15G.

10. The person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 15 of Part I shall not accept the declaration where the amount of income of the nature referred to in section 197A(1C) or the aggregate of the amounts of such income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the previous year in which such income is to be included exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax after allowing for deduction(s) under Chapter VI-A, if any, or set off of loss, if any, under the head “income from house property” for which the declarant is eligible. For deciding the eligibility, he is required to verify income or the aggregate amount of incomes, as the case may be, reported by the declarant in columns 15 and 17.

¹*[Provided that such person shall accept the declaration in a case where income of the assessee, who is eligible for rebate of income-tax under section 87A, is higher than the income for which declaration can be accepted as per this note, but his tax liability shall be nil after taking into account the rebate available to him under the said section 87A.]*

1. Inserted by Income-tax (4th Amendment) Rules, 2019, w.e.f. **22-5-2019**.

FORM NO. 10F

[See sub-rule (1) of rule 21AB]

**Information to be provided under sub-section (5) of section 90 or
sub-section (5) of section 90A of the Income-tax Act, 1961**

I, *son/daughter of Shri..... in the capacity of (designation) do provide the following information, relevant to the previous year..... *in my case/in the case of..... for the purposes of sub-section (5) of *section 90/section 90A:—

<i>Sl.No</i>	<i>Nature of information</i>	<i>:</i>	<i>Details #</i>
(i)	Status (individual, company, firm etc.) of the assessee	:	
(ii)	Permanent Account Number or Aadhaar Number of the assessee if allotted	:	
(iii)	Nationality (in the case of an individual) or Country or specified territory of incorporation or registration (in the case of others)	:	
(iv)	Assessee's tax identification number in the country or specified territory of residence and if there is no such number, then, a unique number on the basis of which the person is identified by the Government of the country or the specified territory of which the assessee claims to be a resident	:	
(v)	Period for which the residential status as mentioned in the certificate referred to in sub-section (4) of section 90 or sub-section (4) of section 90A is applicable	:	
(vi)	Address of the assessee in the country or territory outside India during the period for which the certificate, mentioned in (v) above, is applicable	:	

2. I have obtained a certificate referred to in sub-section (4) of section 90 or sub-section (4) of section 90A from the Government of (name of country or specified territory outside India)

Signature:

Name:

Address:

Permanent Account Number or Aadhaar Number

Verification

I do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief what is stated above is correct, complete and is truly stated.

Verified today the day of.....

.....
Signature of the person providing the information

Place:

Notes :

1. *Delete whichever is not applicable.
2. #Write N.A. if the relevant information forms part of the certificate referred to in sub-section (4) of section 90 or sub-section (4) of section 90A.

INCOME-TAX RULES, 1962

FORM NO. 15G

[See section 197A(1), 197A(1A) and rule 29C]

Declaration under section 197A(1) and section 197A(1A) to be made by an individual or a person (not being a company or firm) claiming certain incomes without deduction of tax

PART I

1. Name of Assessee (Declarant)		2. PAN of the Assessee ¹		
3. Status ²	4. Previous year(P.Y.) ³ (for which declaration is being made)		5. Residential Status ⁴	
6. Flat/Door/Block No.	7. Name of Premises	8. Road/Street/Lane	9. Area/Locality	
10. Town/City/District	11. State	12. PIN	13. Email	
14. Telephone No. (with STD Code) and Mobile No.		15 (a) Whether assessed to tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961 ⁵ : (b) If yes, latest assessment year for which assessed		
		Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
		No	<input type="checkbox"/>	
16. Estimated income for which this declaration is made		17. Estimated total income of the P.Y. in which income mentioned in column 16 to be included ⁶		
18. Details of Form No. 15G other than this form filed during the previous year, if any ⁷				
Total No. of Form No. 15G filed		Aggregate amount of income for which Form No.15G filed		
19. Details of income for which the declaration is filed				
Sl. No.	Identification number of relevant investment/ account, etc. ⁸	Nature of income	Section under which tax is deductible	Amount of income

.....
*Signature of the Declarant*⁹

Declaration/Verification¹⁰

*I/We..... do hereby declare that to the best of *my/our knowledge and belief what is stated above is correct, complete and is truly stated. *I/We declare that the incomes referred to in this form are not includible in the total income of any other person under sections 60 to 64 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. *I/We further declare that the tax *on my/our estimated total income including *income/incomes referred to in column 16 *and aggregate amount of *income/incomes referred to in column 18 computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961, for the previous year ending on relevant to the assessment year will be *nil*. *I/We also declare that *my/our *income/incomes referred to in column 16 *and the aggregate amount of *income/incomes referred to in column 18 for the previous year ending on relevant to the assessment year will not exceed the maximum amount which is not chargeable to income-tax.

Place:

Date:

.....
*Signature of the Declarant*⁹

1. Substituted by IT (Fourteenth Amdt.) Rules 2015, w.e.f. **1-10-2015**. Earlier Form No. 15G was inserted by the IT (Fifth Amdt.) Rules, 1982, w.e.f. 21-6-1982 and later on amended by the IT (Fifth Amdt.) Rules, 1989, w.r.e.f. 1-4-1988, IT (Fourteenth Amdt.) Rules, 1990, w.e.f. 20-11-1990 and IT (Twelfth Amdt.) Rules, 2002, w.e.f. 21-6-2002 and substituted by the IT (Eighth Amdt.) Rules, 2003, w.e.f. 9-6-2003 and IT (Second Amdt.) Rules, 2013, w.e.f. 19-2-2013.

PART II

[To be filled by the person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 16 of Part I]

1. Name of the person responsible for paying		2. Unique Identification No. ¹¹	
3. PAN of the person responsible for paying	4. Complete Address		5. TAN of the person responsible for paying
6. Email	7. Telephone No. (with STD Code) and Mobile No.		8. Amount of income paid ¹²
9. Date on which Declaration is received (DD/MM/YYYY)		10. Date on which the income has been paid/credited (DD/MM/YYYY)	

Place: Signature of the person responsible for paying

Date: the income referred to in column 16 of Part I

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

¹As per provisions of section 206AA(2), the declaration under section 197A(1) or 197A(1A) shall be invalid if the declarant fails to furnish his valid Permanent Account Number (PAN).

²Declaration can be furnished by an individual under section 197A(1) and a person (other than a company or a firm) under section 197A(1A).

³The financial year to which the income pertains.

⁴Please mention the residential status as per the provisions of section 6 of the Income-tax Act, 1961.

⁵Please mention "Yes" if assessed to tax under the provisions of Income-tax Act, 1961 for any of the assessment year out of six assessment years preceding the year in which the declaration is filed.

⁶Please mention the amount of estimated total income of the previous year for which the declaration is filed including the amount of income for which this declaration is made.

⁷In case any declaration(s) in Form No. 15G is filed before filing this declaration during the previous year, mention the total number of such Form No. 15G filed along with the aggregate amount of income for which said declaration(s) have been filed.

⁸Mention the distinctive number of shares, account number of term deposit, recurring deposit, National Savings Schemes, life insurance policy number, employee code, etc.

⁹Indicate the capacity in which the declaration is furnished on behalf of a HUF, AOP, etc.

¹⁰Before signing the declaration/verification, the declarant should satisfy himself that the information furnished in this form is true, correct and complete in all respects. Any person making a false statement in the declaration shall be liable to prosecution under section 277 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 and on conviction be punishable-

- (i) in a case where tax sought to be evaded exceeds twenty-five lakh rupees, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to seven years and with fine;
- (ii) in any other case, with rigorous imprisonment which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to two years and with fine.

¹¹The person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 16 of Part I shall allot a unique identification number to all the Form No. 15G received by him during a quarter of the financial year and report this reference number along with the particulars prescribed in

rule 31A(4)(vii) of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 in the TDS statement furnished for the same quarter. In case the person has also received Form No.15H during the same quarter, please allot separate series of serial number for Form No.15G and Form No.15H.

¹²The person responsible for paying the income referred to in column 16 of Part I shall not accept the declaration where the amount of income of the nature referred to in sub-section (1) or sub-section (1A) of section 197A or the aggregate of the amounts of such income credited or paid or likely to be credited or paid during the previous year in which such income is to be included exceeds the maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax. For deciding the eligibility, he is required to verify income or the aggregate amount of incomes, as the case may be, reported by the declarant in columns 16 and 18.